

TIMELESS BUSINESS

# Context and Dependency Modelling & Extraction

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- Introduction and Motivation
- Example use case Scientific Experiment
- Modelling process context
  - Modelling the example use case
- Extended process context model
  - Modelling the example use case
- Automatic context extraction & reasoning







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- Motivation for process preservation
  - Provenance, Litigation, Regulated industries
- Example: preservation of a scientific process
  - Repeatability, traceability, quality assurance
    - ➔ Scientific excellence
- Challenges
  - Dependencies on third-party software
    - commercial or open source
  - Dependency on services: SaaS, IaaS, ...
  - Changes in computing environment
    - Use of multiple servers, grids, ....









- To preserve the process: need to describe the context it is embedded in
- Aspects such as
  - Legal / social
  - Organisational
  - Technical (Software, Hardware Infrastructure)





# **Context Model Principles**



 Process context can be understood as representation information (OAIS reference







# **Context Model Principles**



 Process context can be understood as representation information









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- To preserve the process: need to describe the context it is embedded in
  - Aspects such as legal, organisational, technical
- $\bullet$   $\rightarrow$  Need a meta-model that
  - Supports structured modelling of diverse aspects
  - Can be easily extended for various domains
  - Can be used during
    - preservation,
    - redeployment and
    - analysis









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- Information Retrieval / Machine Learning Experiment
- Classification of music into a predefined set of categories, e.g. genre
- Evaluation of classification performance
- Common task in Music Information Retrieval
  - e.g. in MIREX evaluation campaign









- Involves several steps
   Acquisition of music data
  - Acquisition of ground-truth, i.e. gold standard of genres for the music
  - Extraction of features (numerical representation)









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#### Involves several steps

- Acquisition of music data
- Acquisition of ground-truth
- Extraction of features (numerical representation)
- Training of machine learning model
- Analysis of classification performance
- Subsequent repetition with slight variations, finally leading to publication







#### 









- Questions relevant for the preservation
  - What steps are executed?
    - What is the order of the steps (and is it important?)
  - What is the input & output of each step?
    - What format is that data in? Format risks?
  - What is the software supporting each step?
    - What is the hardware supporting the software / the step?
  - Are there any external services?
    - Are there any other dependencies?



• Am I allowed to preserve everything?



# Example Use Case implementation

- Acquisition of music data & ground truth
  - External data repositories
- Extraction of features
  - External web service (e.g. from the.echonest.com)
- Training of machine learning model
  - Using WEKA machine learning software
- Other steps with custom scripts
  - Linux shell (bash)
  - Java programs





# Example Use Case TIMELESS BUSINESS • • •



- Input
  - Music data (or location & settings where to fetch it from)
  - Ground-truth (or same as above)
  - Settings for feature extraction & classification
- Output
  - Genre classification accuracy
  - Detailed classification results









# Example Use Case: Motivation



- Motivation to preserve the experiment
  - Personal: repeatability of results at later time
    - Subsequent publications that use the results
    - Accountability of the results
  - Institutional policy
    - Demands verifiability
    - Encourages sharing of results
  - External reviewers
  - Process management plan as extension to a data management plan





## Example Use Case: Risks

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#### Risks in the use case

- Acquisition of data from external sources
  - Might become unavailable or change (e.g. different recording, different ground-truth assignment)
- External service for the extraction of features (numerical representation)
  - Might become unavailable, might change computation, ...
- Distributed documentation / Lack of documentation





# Example Use Case: Risks

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#### Consequences

- Missing validation of results in the future
- Loss of trust on existing research data
- Loss of expert knowledge
- Loss of scientific results

#### → Loss of scientific reputation











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## **Context Model Layers**



- Process context exists on different (partially orthogonal) layers
  - Strategic
  - Business
  - Organization, Operations
  - Information systems
  - Technological infrastructure







### **Context Model Layers**

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Strategy		Strategic Indicators, External Services, Contracts, Regulations, Licenses, Legal Requirements, Patents	
Business Organization Information Processes		Organizational Structure, People, Business Processes, Operational Indicators	
ApplicationsServicesComponents		Applications, Services, Virtualization Applications	
Technological InfrastructureProcessingStorage		Deployed software applications and services, Hardware nodes, Communication nodes	
Communication			

# **Context Model Principles**

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- All layers should be captured in the same (meta-) model
- Model should be extensible and adaptable to new application domains
- One-model fits all approach doesn't work
  - Integration of several smaller models







# **Context Model Principles**

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- 1. Describe features not specific to the domain (domain-independent features).
- 2. Describe domain-specific features.
- Integrate the multiple domains into a 3. consistent computable specification.
- 4. Support analysis of the specifications in terms of their dependencies.









- The context model is represented as a set of ontologies (W3C OWL standard language)
- Ontologies formalize knowledge representation
- Information can be extracted from ontologies through querying and processing (e.g. reasoning, logical inference)







## Architectural Concepts

- DIO: Domain-Independent Ontology
- DSO: Domain-Specific Ontology
- Ontology integration (transformation maps)
- Model transformation and extraction



# Domain Independent Ontology



- The DIO is grounded on the ArchiMate 2.0 enterprise architecture modelling language.
- An "The Open Group" vendor-independent international standard.
- Well-founded concepts.
- Consistent language containing a lean set of concepts for modelling enterprise architecture.







# The ArchiMate Core Concepts



- Active structure is an entity (e.g. person, machine) capable of performing behaviour
- Behaviour is a unit of activity (e.g. process, application function) performed by active structure elements
- Passive structure is an object on which behaviour is performed (e.g. product, document)



#### The ArchiMate Framework TIMELESS BUSINESS () () (C)



- ArchiMate framework is layered and service-oriented
- **Business layer:** products & services offered to customers
  - Realised in the organization by business processes performed by actors
- Application layer: information systems that operationalise the business though application services
- Technology layer: processing, storage & communication nodes that support the application layer.
  - Offers infrastructure services needed to run applications
  - Realized by computer hardware and system software.





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	Passive Structure	Behaviour	Active Structure
Business	business objects	business services and processes	actors and roles
Application	data objects	application services and functions	applications and components
Technology	artifacts	infrastructure services and system software	devices and networks







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#### Total of 32 concepts

#### Business Layer: 16 concepts

Actor, Role, Collarboration, Interface, Function, Process, Event, Interaction, Product, Contract, Service, Value, Meaning, Representation, Object, Location

#### Application Layer: 7 concepts

Component, Collaboration, Interface, Service, Function, Interaction, Data Object

#### Technology Layer: 9 concepts

Artifact, Communication Path, Network, Infrastructure Interface, Infrastructure Function, Infrastructure Service, Node, System Software, Device





## ArchiMate DIO

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### ArchiMate DIO TIMELESS BUSINESS () () (C)



#### DIO: Domain-Independent Ontology

#### DSO: Domain-Specific ontology



### Tool Support TIMELESS BUSINESS © © ©

- Archi Archimate 2.0 editor → DIO editor
  - open source (Eclipse)
  - Converter from Archi to OWL for further editing
- Protege open source ontology editor
  - Plugins to allow visual editing






### **Outline** TIMELESS BUSINESS • • ©



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# DIO for Music Classification Example

- Approach: Identify elements on each layer
  - Business, Application, Technology
- Result: coarse description of the context
  - Needs to be refined with DSO specific knowledge, later





### **Business Layer: Process**



## Business Layer: + Objects

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# Business Layer: + Actors & goals

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# Business Layer: + Services





### Infrastr. Layer: Basic SW



# SW

### Infrastr. Layer: Complete SW



# Infrastr. Layer: + Data Objects



## Infrastr. Layer: + Licenses etc



## Infrastr. Layer: + Services

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## **Context Model and Views**

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- Workflow / process
- Business objects
- Motivation
- Software services
- External services
- Files and formats
- Licences and patents







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## Context Model DSOs



- Licensing: mapping to third-party ontology (The Software Ontology)
- Patents: mapping to third-party ontology (PATexpert project)
- Digital Preseravtion metadata: mapping to third-party ontology (PREMIS)
- Software applications, software services, dependencies (CUDF)









- License clauses, aggregated into licenses
- Mapping to DIO: licenses are constraints





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- Focus on patents & IPRs granted
- Mapping to DIO: GrantedPatent is a constraint





## PREMIS DSO



- Mapping to DIO:
  - Files are Artifcats (allow specification of format etc.)
  - Hardware are *Devices*, Storage are *Nodes*
  - License, Copyright, ContentLocation, IntellectualEntity,



## Use Case: Infrastructure



Same example as before, Protege Visualisation







## Use Case: Infrastructure



Elements also marked up via DSO concepts







# Music Classifciation: License & Superiorette Structure & Superiorette & Superiore

More descriptive information for licenses







# Music Classifciation: Formats & Patents



### Details on formats & patents

AND DAMAGE



## **Other DSOs: Sensors**



Use case: public authority monitoring dams & other civil engineerings structures



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### Automatic Extraction of Context TIMELESS BUSINESS 💿 🛞 🕝

- Manual approach limited
  - Time-consuming, expensive
  - Easy to miss out on details
- Some aspects can be extracted automatically
  - Especially on the technology layer
  - Less on the business layer
  - $\rightarrow$  Technology layer is likely more compley anyhow
  - Business layer more likely to be documented already (BPMN diagrams, etc)





## Automatic Extraction of Context

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- Currently under development
  - to be released next year

### Currently for

- Software applications (CUDF)
- Licenses
- File Formats
- Hardware







# Application Setup Extractor



- For package based systems: uses package manager to determine required and installed packages
- Allows to recreate the system from this information
- For Windows: DLL dependency crawler
  - Produces dependency graph for DLLs, including version information, down to system DLLs







## License Extractor



- Mostly for open-source linceses
- Uses third-party tool license-check to determine license from included copyright statement
- Commercial alternatives: e.g. Blackduck







### File Format Extractor TIMELESS BUSINESS () () (C)



- When process input & output data is captured
- Uses third-party characterisation tools to determine formats
- For unknown formats: stubs are generated, to be completed by expert







## Hardware extractor

### For Linux & Windows

### Gathers information on

- Processor, memory
- Hard-disk
- Network cards & configuration
- Specialised hardware, e.g. GPUs







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- Identify components from the process that are of particular interest for preservation
  - E.g. to determine the effect of migration of a software or format
- Mostly used in the preservation planning phase
  - Determine what actions we can apply to the process
  - Determine impacts of these actions
- Also used when comparing redeployed form
- In the form of a Description Logic or SPARQL query (similar to SQL)







### Reasoning TIMELESS BUSINESS • • ©







## Music Classification Reasoning





- What are the business processes of Music Classification?
- What application components support the "Experiment" business process?
- What hardware nodes support the "Classifier" software application?






# Music Classification Reasoning





- What are the patents applicable to Music Classification?
- What software applications require a software license?
- What are the relationships between patents and software licences?





# Music Classification Reasoning



- Which file formats are used in the process?
- Which software is used to read/write a certain format?
- Which are the external services







### Sensors Reasoning

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Guery (class expression) Thing and hasLayer some Techr or hasAspect some ActiveStructu Execute Add to ontology Guery results Instances (19)	nologyLayer and hasAspect some BehavioralAspect rralAspect and dependsDown value Acquisition_of_readings	Technology infrastructu supporting acquisition	ure Which applications
♦ IIS	-Query (class expression)		components rely on
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Oracle_Client			type drain
WCF_Client			
PDT_Application	Execute Add to ontology Sensors abl		Sensors able to
Data_management			make temporal
Producer	Query results		
MCGateway	Sub classes (0)		– readings
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GestBarragens			
External Application	gB-Support_System		
♦ WCF	Structure_Management	Exec	Add to ontology
.NET_Framework	gB-Documental_System		
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### Thanks for your attention!

## Questions ?



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