

A Framework for Automated Verification in Software Escrow

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Introduction

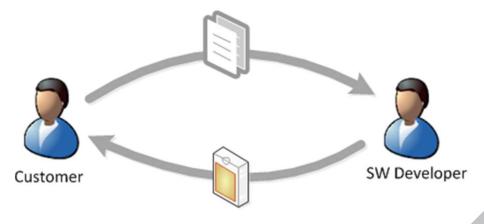
- Businesses need external knowledge and services (e.g. in form of software)
- Two possibilities:
 - Integrate knowledge provider (acquisition)
 - Outsourcing
- Software essential assets





Risks of Outsourcing

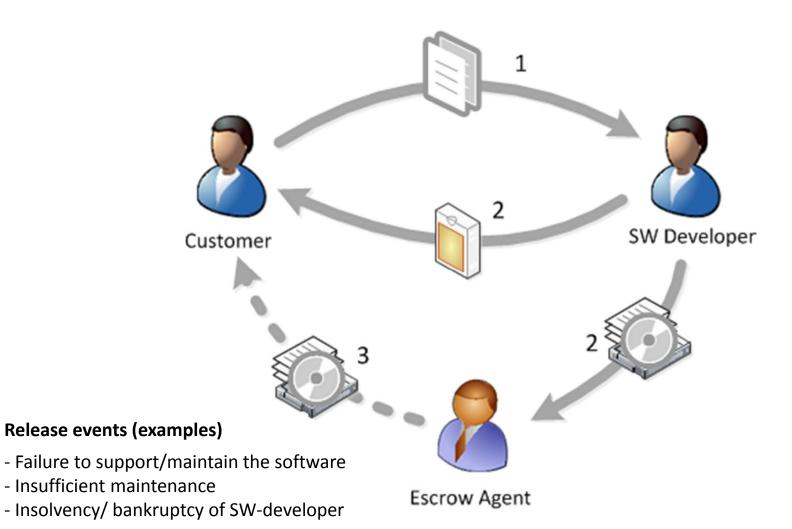
- Lost of control
- Financial standing of the vendor
- Sale of the vendor
- Maintenance and adjustments of the system
- Business critical application







Software Escrow







Escrow parties

- Customer
 - Use of the software
 - Protection of investment
- SW Developer
 - Provides object code to consumer
 - Commits source code to Escrow Agent
 - Obligations to the consumer as well as the Software Escrow Agent
- Escrow Agent
 - Verification of deposit material
 - Deposit of source code
 - In case of agreed circumstances release of the source code to the consumer





Motivation of parties

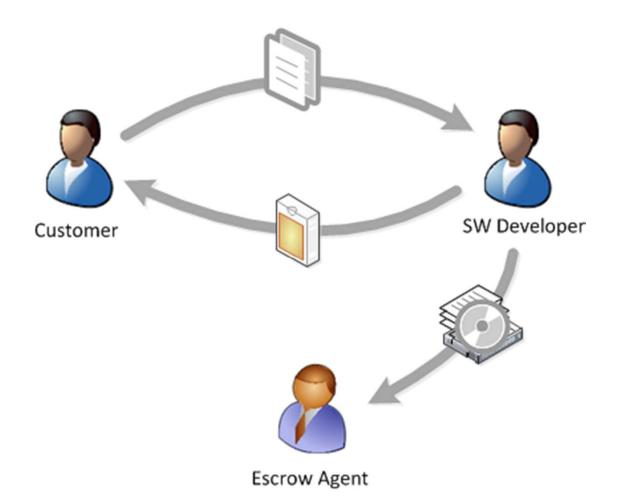
- Customer
 - Risk mitigation strategy
 - Maintenance and support
 - Protection of business
 - Hedging of investments
 - Verification of source code

- SW-Developer
 - Evidence of copyright
 - Warranty claim
 - Confidence-building measure
 - Payment





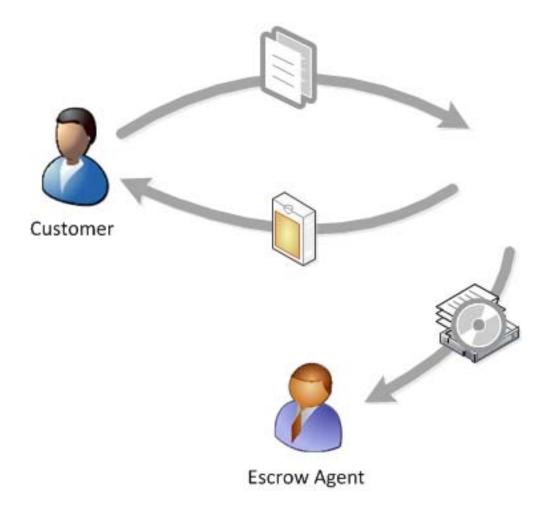
Escrow Case







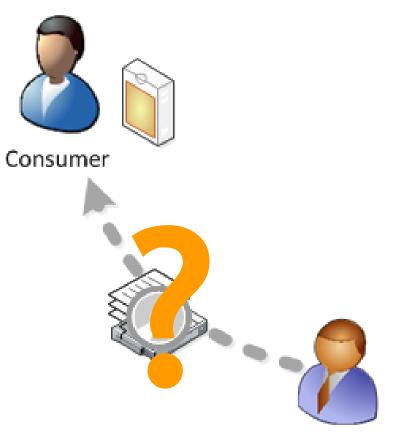
Escrow Case

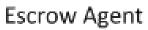






Escrow









Escrow Risks

- Read error storage media
- Source code incomplete
- Build environment not deposited
- Configuration is not available
- Instructions missing
- Test data missing





Escrow Risks

- Documentation insufficient
- Licences and rights not included (Development- & Build- Environment, Libraries)
- Deposited material is not up to date
- Intentional source code hiding



```
"Print" ", Src, pageurl)
                except socket error, (error, strerror):
                       print "ncfiles: Socket error (%s) for host %s (%s)" % (error.
       for h3 in page.findAll("h3")
           value = (h3.contents[0])
           if value != "Afdeling":
                print >> txt, value
                f = codecs.open("alle.txt", "r", encoding="utf-8")
                text = f.read()
                # open the file again for writing
                f = codecs.open("alle.txt", "w", encoding="utf-8")
                f.write(value+"\n")
                # write the original contents
                f.write(text)
               f.close()
      loadedURL[pageurl] = True
 f.close()
```



Requirements

- Completeness
 - Source code only part of a software
 - Without additional information almost impossible to understand, analyse, use and change the source code
- Quality
 - Up to date
 - Maintainability





Three phases of Escrow

- Phase I Planning
 - Agreement on contract specifying measurements for Software Escrow
- Phase II Execution
 - Deposit of material including iterations
- Phase III Redeployment
 - Release of material if trigger event occurs





Phase I - Planning

- Selection of the escrow agent
 - Confidence of consumer and SW developer
 - Requirements for IT infrastructure
 - Data security requirements
 - Information-/notification obligation
- Alignment of the contracts
 - Inclusion of basic escrow provisions in the software licensing/maintenance contracts
- Select deposit material





Phase I - Planning

- Rights to the software artefacts
 - Rights of the escrow agent
 - Rights of the software developer
- Clarification of the legal consequences of the release
 - Determination of the rights transferred to the consumer
 - Obligations on confidentiality
- Setting up an Escrow contract





Phase II - Execution

- Deposit procedure
 - Submission deadlines
 - Existing verification procedures
 - Thresholds for successful deposit
 - Information-/notification obligations
- Verification of material
 - Technical Software Escrow Framework



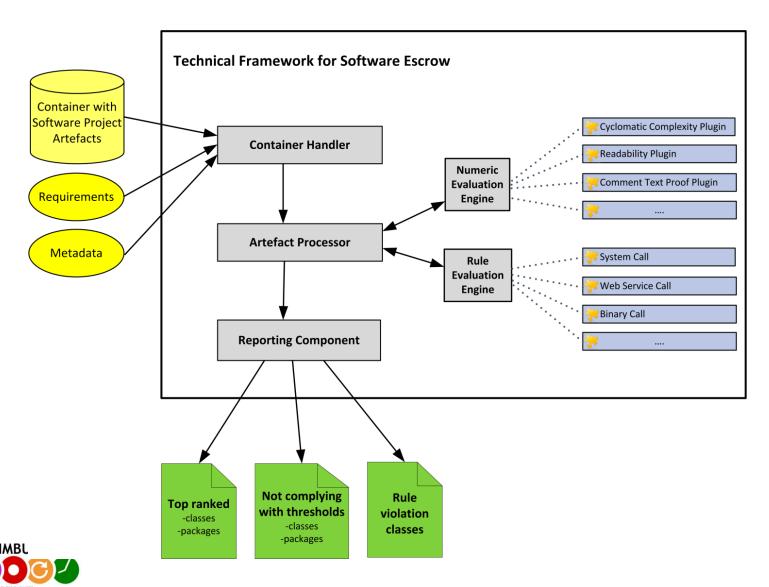


Phase III - Redeployment

- Release of materials
 - Release events (insolvency, refusal to maintenance, ...)
 - Release process
- Information-/notification obligations

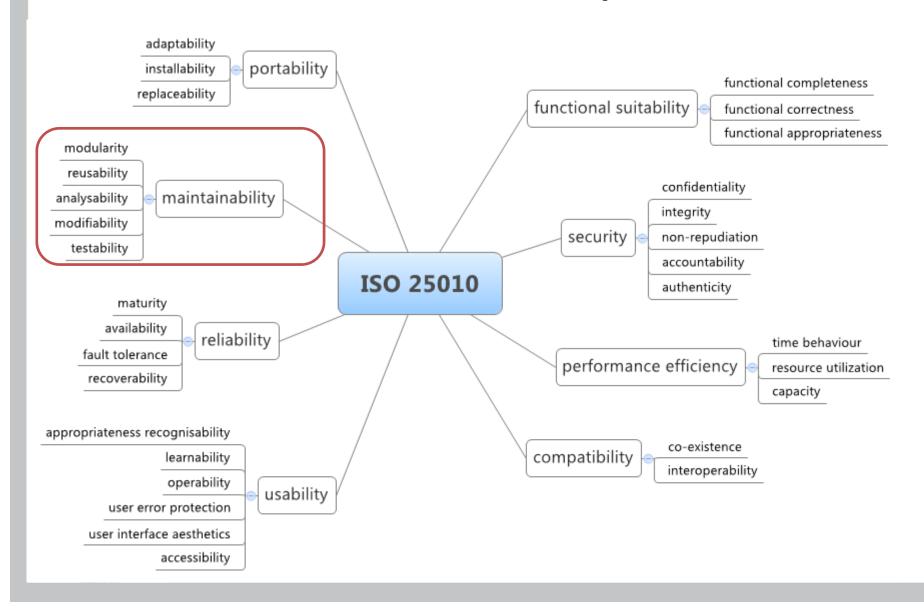


Technical Framework - Overview





SW Quality



Technical Framework - Plugin groups

- Build environment
- Quality metric measurements
- Test environment
- Source code comments
- Specification verification
- System documentation
- Data sources
- External references
- Code obfuscation





Checks for Validation

- Build & Release
- Comments
 - Language detection
 - Comment text proof check
 - Comment ratio
- Complexity
 - Complexity calculation (McCabe, Halstead)
 - Comment-complexity ratio
- Nonstandard libraries
 - Hiding of source code
- Binary and external calls
 - Dependencies and hiding of source code
- License check





Use Case

aTunes 3.0.8

- open source audio player
- JAVA
- Good documentation
- Web Service and binary calls

Technical Framework

