

Business ContinuityManagement

Dr. Wasif Gilani SAP





Agenda

TIMELESS BUSINESS **⊙ ⊛ ⊚**



- Business Continuity Management (BCM)
- 2. BCM Life Cycle
- 3. BCM Planning
- 4. BCM Scope
- 5. Alignment with the Organization
- 6. BCM The Process
- 7. Business Impact Analyses
- 8. Business Continuity Plan
- 9. BCM The TIMBUS Way





Background





0930GMT 15 April 2010

1600GMT 16 April 2010

United Kingdom

Nederland Nethertands
Belgique Belgium

France

Earthquake / tsunami and Nuclear crises in Japan

Impact of ash cloud on airline traffic





Heathrow snow - Christmas chaos in December 2010

Background

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Financial Disasters

• "... one hour downtime of Amazon.com would cost the company 600,000 USD in revenue.... if Cisco Systems were down for a day, the company would lose 70 Million USD in revenues..." R. Nolan and F. W. McFarlan, "Information technology and the board of directors." Harvard business review, vol. 83, no. 10, pp. 96-106, October 2005.

3rd Party/Customer Impact

365 Main Datacenter: "Power Outages In San Francisco Bring Down Major Websites: Facebook, USA Today, Craigstlist, Technorati, Yelp, TypePad, Six Apart, LiveJournal and Vox", "http://laughingsquid.com/massive-power-outages-hit-san-franciscos-soma-district/, July 24, 2007

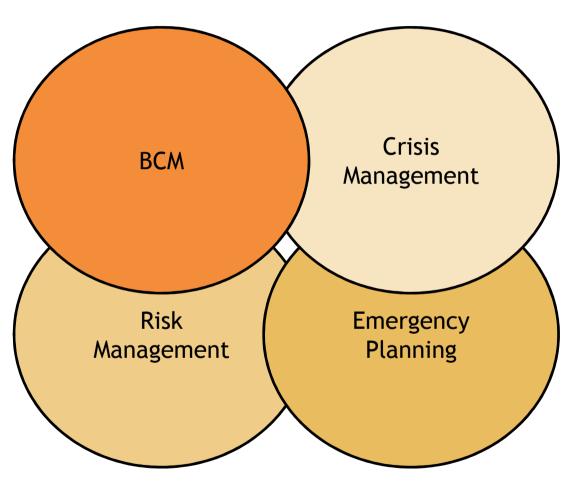
Compliance/Regulations

• Electricity/Gas Provider: a 4 hour downtime would cost 5 Million EUR and might result in a withdrawal of the licences to operate." Y. Wijnia and I. Nikolic, "Assessing business continuity risks in IT," 2007 IEEE International Conference on Systems, Man and Cybernetics, pp. 3547-3553, October 2007.





Business Continuity Management (BCM) Origin



- Evolved from IT and **Disaster Recovery**
- Identifies vulnerabilities
- Identifies information needed for risk assessment





Business Continuity Management (BCM)

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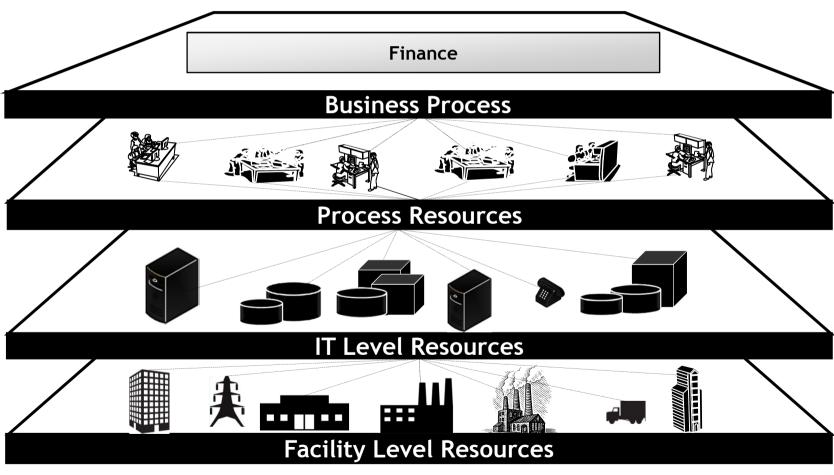


A holistic management process that identifies potential threats to an organization and the impacts to business operations that those threats, if realized, might cause, and which provides a framework for building organizational resilience with the capability for an effective response that safeguards the interests of its key stakeholders, reputation, brand and value-creating activities (Smith, 2002)



BCM - Enterprise Business Landscape









BCM

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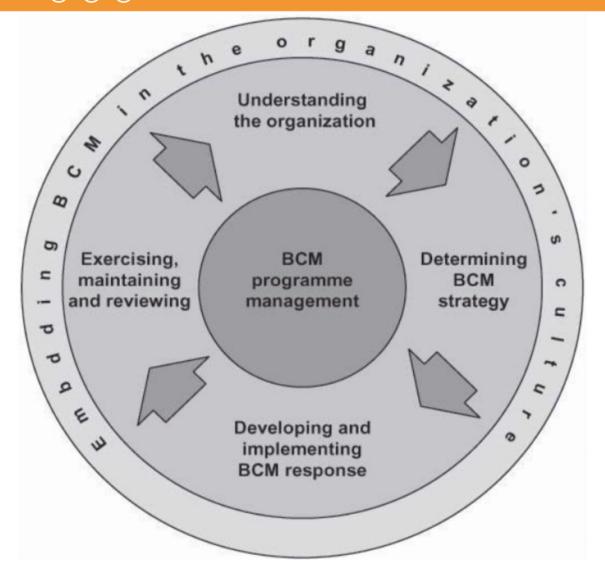
- BCM is about ensuring continuity for critical business processes during crisis.
- In case of crisis (a terrorist attack, a natural disaster, political unrests, IT infrastructure failure, etc.) businesses often need to continue though some critical resources might not be fully available (staff, office, IT infrastructure, transport, etc.
- Businesses need to concentrate on critical business processes and need to have business continuity plans in place to run these processes.





BCM Life Cycle I









BCM Life Cycle II

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Understanding the Organization

- Risk Assessment
- Business Impact Analyses

BCM Strategies

 Organizational/Process/Resource level recovery strategy (recover each critical activity within its Return Time Objective (RTO))

Developing / Implementing BCM plans

- Business Continuity Plans
- Resource Assignment
- Resource recovery and solutions plan

Exercising, maintenance and audit

 BCM Exercise / Assessing BCM arrangements and identifying improvements to be made

Embedding a BCM culture

Awareness, training and culture

BCM - Objectives



- Availability is the main focus
 - Plan is based on "All Hazards" approach
 - It means that it should be applicable to any disaster, and consider "generic" unavailability.
- Rather then preparing for specific disasters, the efforts are focused on the mitigation of impacts
 - Unavailability of infrastructure
 - Unavailability of people (human resources)
 - Unavailability of facilities (Offices, data centers)
 - Unavailability of 3rd parties (Vendors / suppliers)
 - Every disaster brings one or more of these impacts





BCM - People and Infrastructure





- Critical process / service owners should develop and maintain Business Continuity plans
- Critical systems and landscapes must have sufficient redundancy measures so they can sustain satisfactory operations during the disaster
- Critical processes / data must be stored and processed securely, and it must be backed up or mirrored on the regular basis

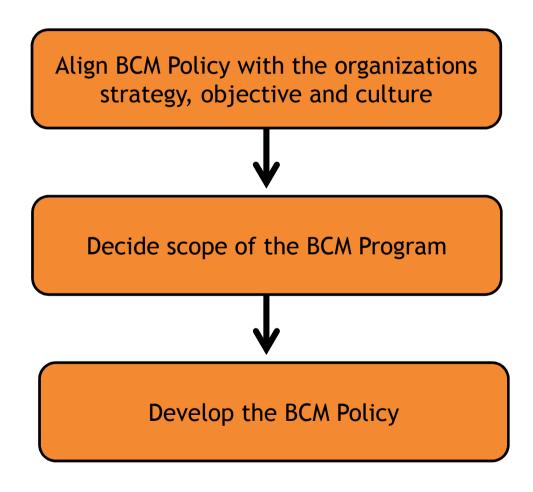






Business Continuity Policy









BCM - Alignment with Organization I



Products / services Strategic Top Management Commitment **Processes Tactical** BCM Program Manager Operational Activities **BCM Coordinators**





BCM - Alignment with Organization II





Embedding in the organization culture

- Success depends on
 - Integration with management
 - Alignment with priorities
 - Should not be a stand alone project





BCM - Defining Scope I

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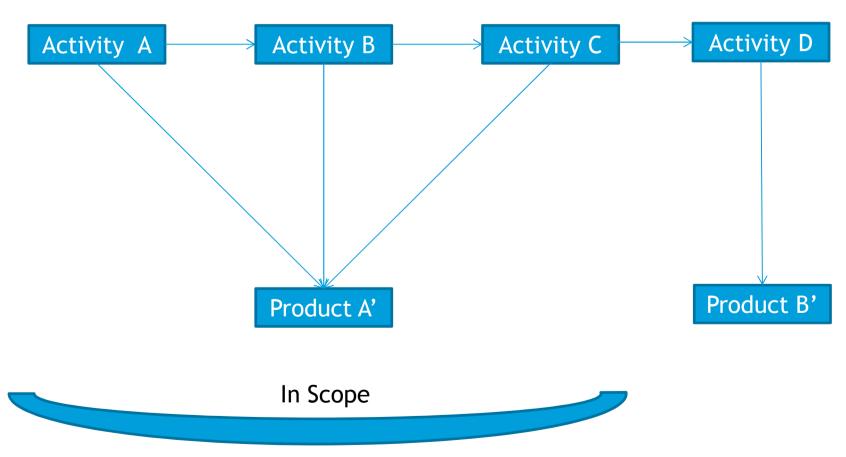


- What is to be included?
 - Products and services
 - Locations
 - Scale / intensity of the incident
- High level Business Impact Analyses (BIA) can help



BCM - Defining Scope II







Business Impact Analyses (BIA)

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BIA is the foundation of BCM

- Identification of critical parts of business
- Identification of threats endangering the business operations as a whole - e.g. a physical disaster
- Analysing the impact of a disruption
 - quantifying and qualifying losses
- Prioritization of business processes
- Provision of data for selecting strategies





BIA - Identifying Critical Processes



Criticality depends on:

- Time a process can be unavailable without major consequences
- Service level/quality implications of process delay
- Financial/reputational implications of process delay
- Legal/compliance implications of process delay





BIA - Impact Assessment

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Documenting the impact over time for each activity / service / product for the following aspects

- Financial
- External Customer satisfaction
- Legal / regulatory requirements or contracts
- _ ---

Identification of dependencies





BIA - Impact Table



Down Time	Financial	Legal	External	Severity
0h	\$0.00	None	None	0.0
4h	\$1,000.00	Low	Low	6.0
8h	\$1,000.00	Medium	High	16.0
2d 0h	\$1,000.00	Mega	Mega	58.0
3d 4h	\$0.00	Low	Low	2.0





BIA - MTPD

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Maximum Tolerable Period of Disruption - also known as Maximum Allowable Outage

- Length of time the business can bear the disruption?
 - Time after which viability is threatened
- Estimate of the tolerance of the customers / regulators to allow the business to continue
 - MTPD for each individual service/product/activity
 - Seasonality and Variability
 - End of a quarter, end of a financial year





BIA - RPO

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Recovery Point Objective or RPO is all about what is needed to resume production and delivery of goods & services

- the acceptable latency of data that will not be recovered amount of data that an organization can afford to lose
- Point in time to which systems/data must be recovered after a disaster has occurred.
- The recovery point objective must ensure that the maximum tolerable data loss (MTDL) for each activity is not exceeded.





BIA - RTO



RTO - Return Time Objective

- Maximum acceptable time that can elapse before the lack of a business function severely impacts the organization.
- Maximum agreed time for the resumption of the critical business functions.
- Maximum time customer is willing to wait till they move to the competitor.
- The recovery time objective has to be less than the MTPD





BIA - RTO & MTPD

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RTO & MTPD

- The shorter the RTO, the greater the costs
- The closer the RTO is to the MTPD the greater the chance that recovery will not be achieved





Business Continuity Plan

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Also called disaster plan or recovery plan

- Documentation of procedures developed, compiled and maintained in readiness of use in an incident to enable an organization to continue at an acceptable level.
- elaborates on how to operate critical business processes on a pre-determined minimum acceptable level by using an alternative process.
- how to recover the affected business process or the affected components back to normal operations.





BCM - Recovery/Redeployment Strategies

Recovery strategies

- Standby
 - Hot Standby already operational
 - Cold Standby not operational
- Diverse Sites
- Replication
- Do Nothing
- Subcontracts
- Subscription services
- Mutual aid agreements
- Insurance







Diverse Sites

- Suitable for RTO measured in minutes
- Expensive



Both Live





Slide 28

DP Example to be added Gilani, Wasif, 10/09/2012 GW1



Replication Sites

- Could be a 3rd party facility
- Suitable for RTO measured in less than a day
- Staff willing to work elsewhere



One site dormant





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Standby - Moving the people

- May be a 3rd party facility, operational at a short notice
- RTO greater than a day
- Staff willing to work elsewhere



On cold standby



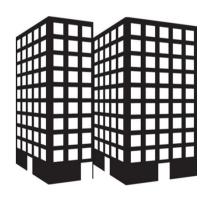


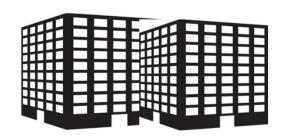
TIMELESS BUSINESS (4) ()



Subcontract - outsourcing activities

- Arrangement made in advance
- For products / services with shorter RTO
- Suitable for manufacturing
 - designs at subcontractor





Sub contracting







Lists - List of organizations able to supply at short notice

- Arrangement made in advance
- When RTO in days or weeks
- Not appropriate for specialists









Do Nothing - Waiting mode

- Arrangements decided after the incident
- When RTO in months

Not appropriate for specialists

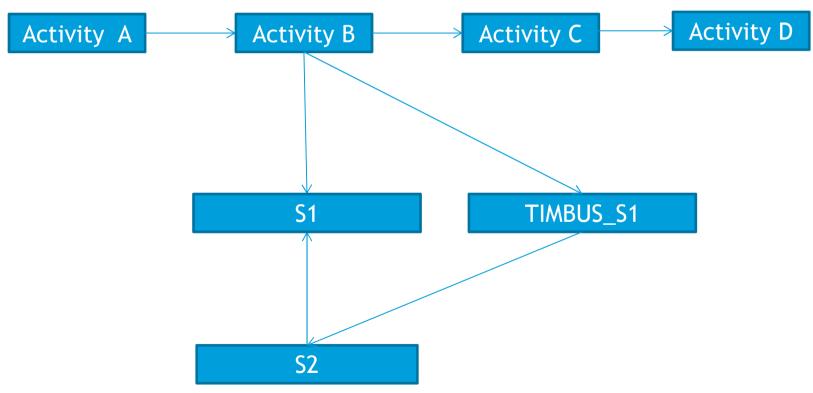






BCM - Technical Redeployment Strategies

Digital Preservation -> Cost of Risk vs Cost of mitigation

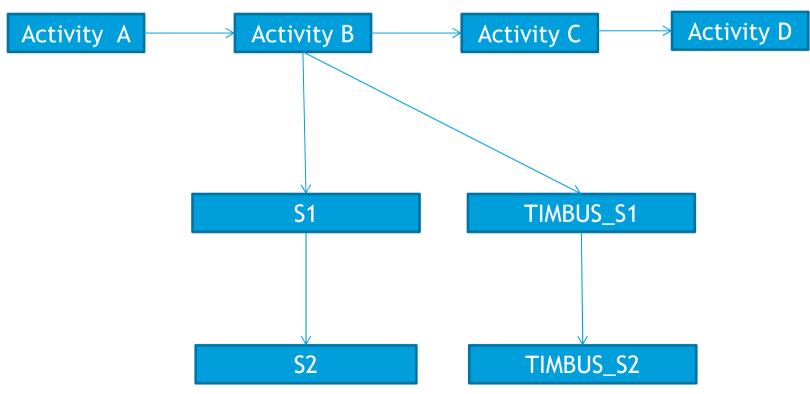






BCM - Technical Redeployment Strategies

Digital Preservation -> Cost of Risk vs Cost of mitigation

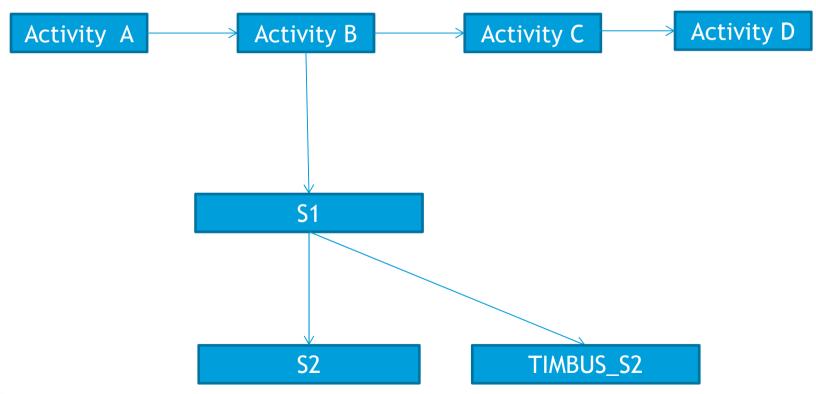






BCM - Technical Redeployment Strategies

Digital Preservation -> Cost of Risk vs Cost of mitigation





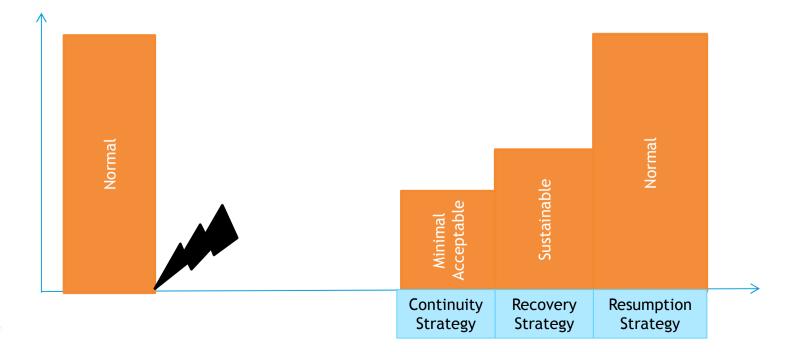


BCM - Recovery Strategies



Three phases that may need to be considered when identifying and selecting strategies:

- Continuity to an initial acceptable level
- Recovery to a sustainable level
- Resumption back to the normal level

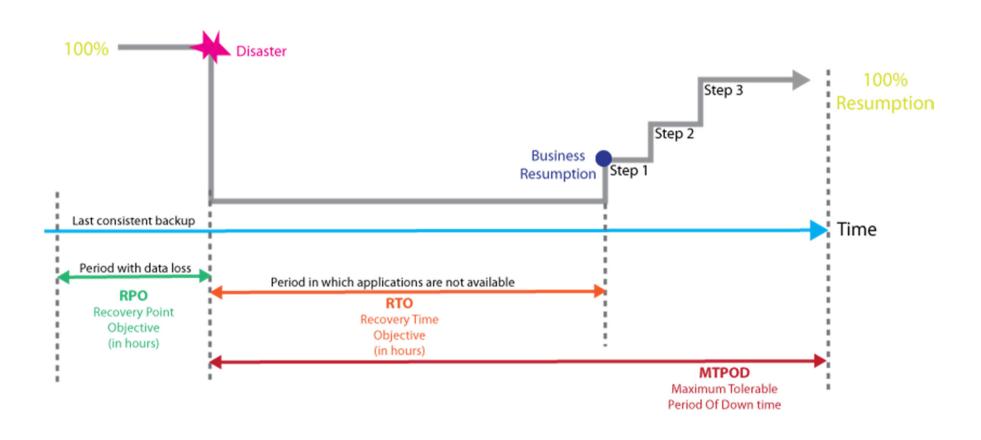






BCM - Redeployment Strategies









Standards for BCM



BS 25999

Others in Singapore, Australia, USA

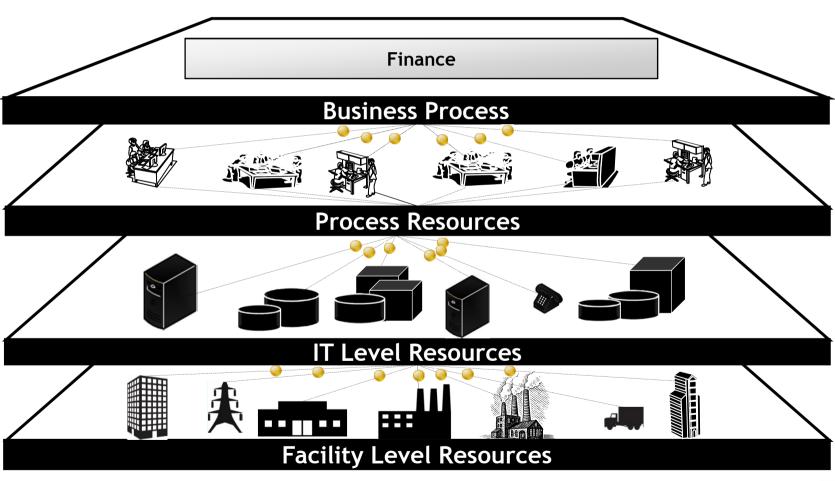
ISO 22301





BCM - The Traditional Way







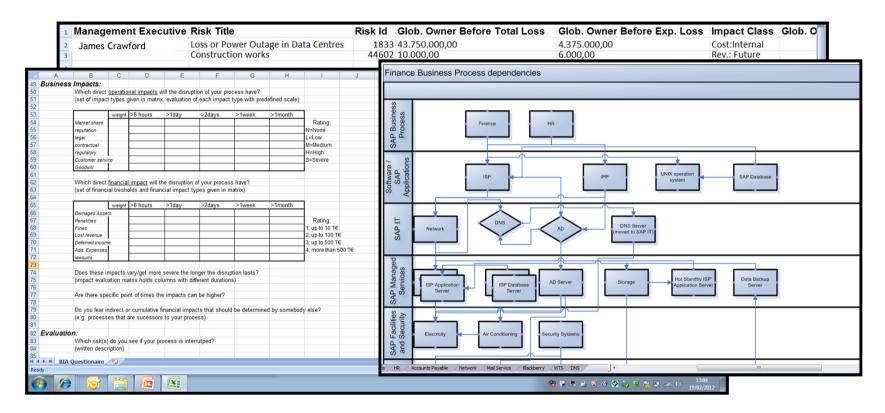


Current Way

BCM - The Traditional Way

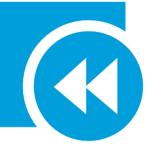
TIMELESS BUSINESS (4) ()











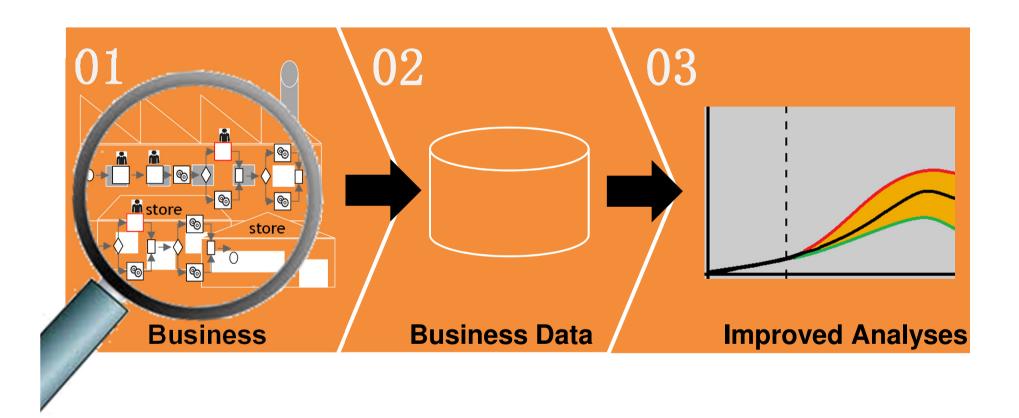
BCM - The TIMBUS Way





BCM - The TIMBUS Way

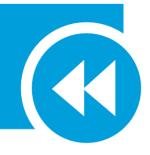


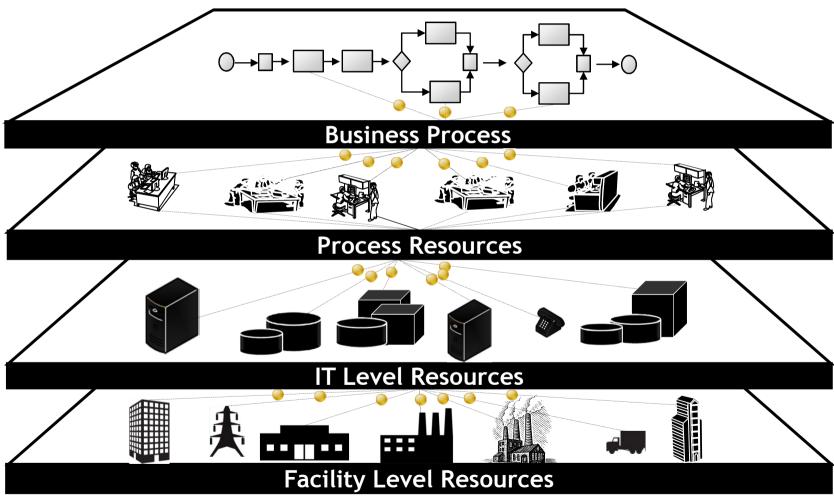






Process-Oriented BCM I



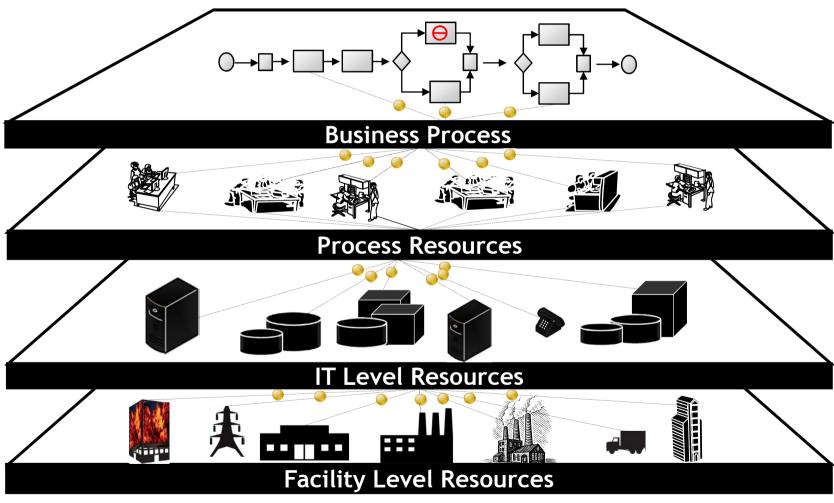






Process-Oriented BCM I









Process-Oriented BCM II

TIMELESS BUSINESS (4) ()



Judgement day - will your business survive?

Dependency Analysis / Risk Analysis (DA/RA)

- Identify resources, threats
- Dependencies between services
- Risk assessment

Business Impact Analysis (BIA)

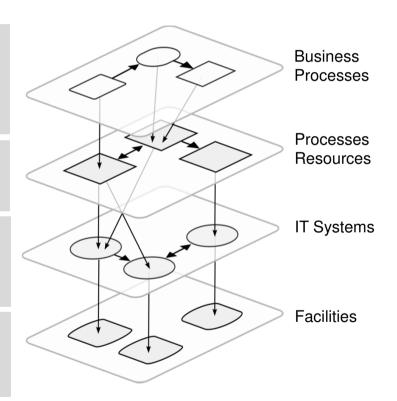
- Financial / nonfinancial losses,
- Legal consequences

Process metrics translation to services requirements

- Maximum Tolerable Outage Time
- Return Time Objective of Services,

Mitigation Strategies / Recovery Plans

- Resource Assignment
- Recovery plans

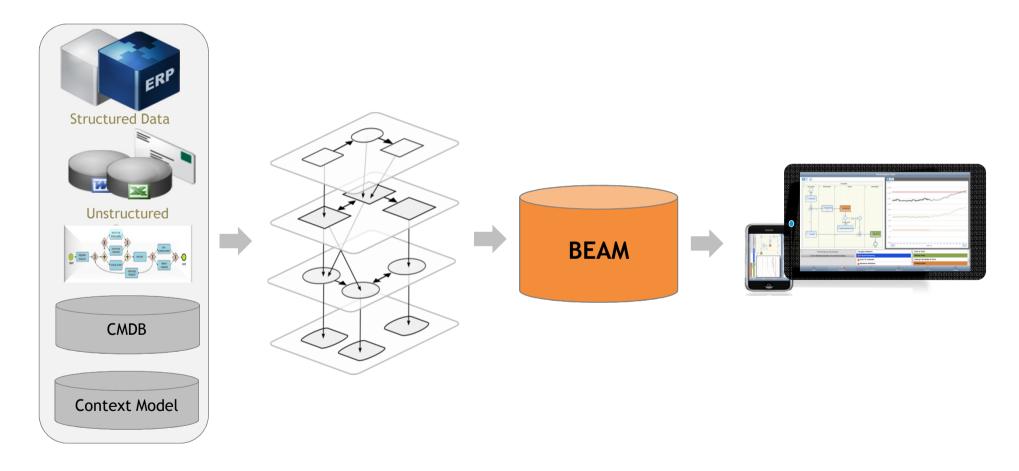






Process-Oriented BCM - Technical Overview



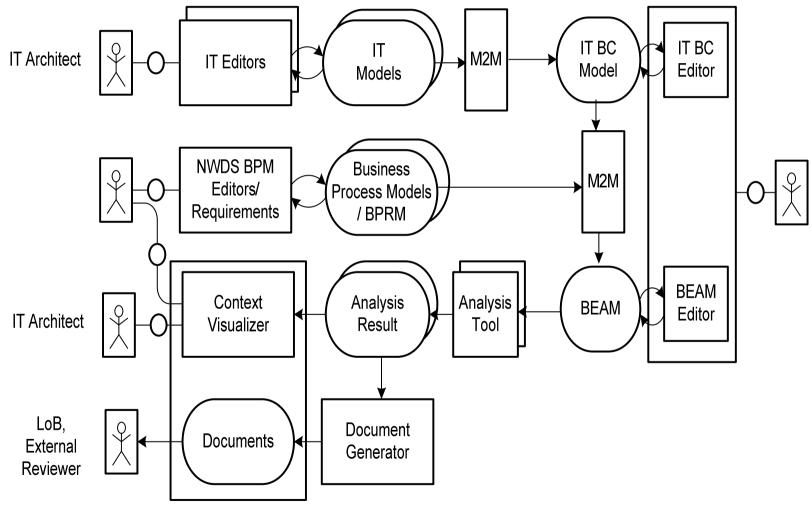






Process-Oriented BCM - Technical Overview

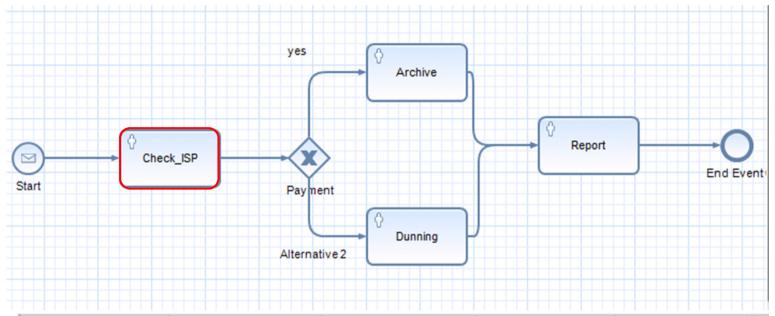








Process-Oriented BCM - BIA

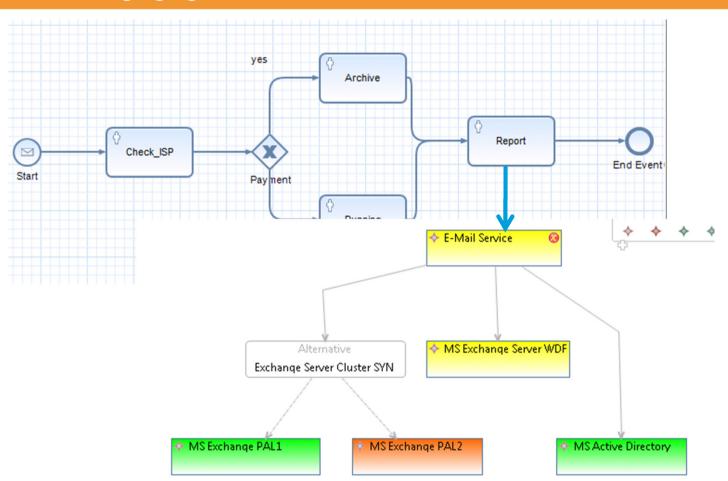


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Process-Oriented BCM - Dependency Analyses











Create & Export
planning
results

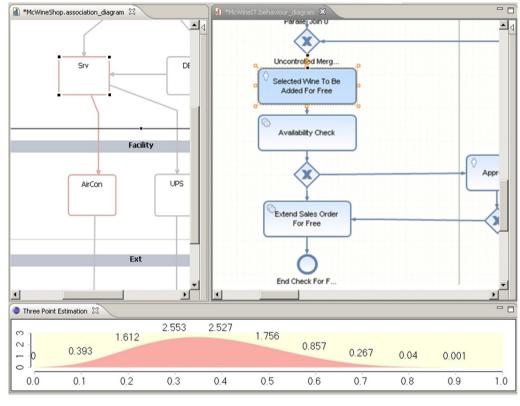


Process-Oriented BCM - Analyses / Reporting



Business Impact and Dependency Analysis













Create & Export planning results



Process-Oriented BCM - Analyses / Reporting







Clearly this disruption is going to have a significant impact on my business KPIs (profit)....

"What if I have sales department closed in London due to fire,"















Your Questions?





Outlook Sub Module 2

TIMELESS BUSINESS (4) ()



- Presents the process centric BCM workbench being developed within the TIMBUS project.
- Describes TIMBUS approach and the novelty offered with the offered solution.
- A walk through the solution to help understand the usability.